## <u>Interagency Council on Osteoporosis – Strategic Plan</u> October, 2003

## Goal 1: Increase awareness of bone healthy lifestyles for NJ citizens

Objective	Activities/Strategies	Status	Timeline
1.1: By 2003, disseminate a clear message about osteoporosis	1.1.1: Identify appropriate components of osteoporosis message for awareness and education.	Prescription pad and	2003
targeting the following populations:	message for awareness and education.	osteoporosis glossary	
• Children and adolescents		completed	
College students	1.1.2: Explore appropriate media channels (billboards, TV		2005
<ul><li>Women age 25-50</li><li>Early post-menopausal women</li></ul>	etc.) to convey the message. (NJ Transit Buses, Radio) and get	Investigating Monmouth	2005
Late post-menopausal women	sponsors for paid osteoporosis ads/signs at sporting events.	County studio to produce Beta	
• Older Adults	Explore development of PSA	Tapes	
• Persons with fractures (early			
post-menopausal and older)  • Men	1.1.3: Encourage health writers to do articles on osteoporosis,	2 articles on risk	2003/2004
<ul><li>Men</li><li>Patients with long-term</li></ul>	its risk factors, prevention, falls prevention etc.	assessment validation in	
glucocorticoid steroid use		development	.
	1.1.5: Explore osteoporosis message on or inside the packages of feminine hygiene products.	DHHS 1-pager for J&J (Sunil Wimalawansa will	Project to be completed 2005
		present 11-03)	To be completed
	1.1.6: Use beauty salons for distribution of osteoporosis	Brochures, Posters, bi- monthly magazine	by Jan 2004
	information.	montiny magazine	Ongoing -NJ
			LINCS, local
		Form working group to	health depts,
	1.1.7: Work with public health and aging agencies and	expand to worksite, university	HealthEASE
	organizations to distribute osteoporosis information.	systems	listserv, new
			partners by 2004

1.2: By 2002, expand efforts to educate children ages 9 – 13, parents and caregivers about peak bone mass development.	<ul> <li>1.2.1: Research current age appropriate and educator focus groups to determine needs.</li> <li>1.2.2: Identify tools needed by physical educators, coaches, after school programs and youth serving agencies (4H, Scouts, YM/WCA, PTAs)</li> <li>1.2.3: Market NJ developed <i>existing</i> skeletal health curricula and develop ancillary deliverables as needed (focus group input) to increase usage of existing materials to schools and other youth serving agencies initially in special needs districts (Abbott districts). Disseminate Jump Start Your Bones and KidStrong Inside and Out.</li> </ul>	NJ SOPHE project will utilize consultant to convene subcommittee and update existing curricula and develop marketing plan for KS and JSYB, as well as do some trainings.	2004
	1.2.4: Survey program sites for available skeletal health curriculum and distribute additional materials as needed  1.2.5: Collaborate at the state level with the National Bone Health Campaign (includes web-site, calendars, print articles and ads in teen and parent/woman's magazines) and other stakeholders to present the skeletal health development message  1.2.6: Collaborate with organizations on statewide conferences to address the role of nutrition and physical activity in skeletal health development.		

Goal 2: Identify and lower the incidence of osteoporosis-related fractures.

Objective	Activities/Strategies	Status	Timeline
2.1: By 2001, identify the incidence of all osteoporosis-related hip fractures statewide.	2.1.1: Identify mechanism for tracking incidence and prevalence of osteoporosis-related hip fractures assuming 90% of hip fractures over the age of 65 are due to osteoporosis.  a. Hospital Association database of all hip fractures from every hospital in state.  b. Report to state from hospitals on fracture numbers, extracting the hip fracture data.	DHSS will request updated hospital discharge data for December 2003 meeting	update annually  2.1.1 to be implemented first
	2.1.2: Annually review the incidence and prevalence of all osteoporosis-related hip fractures.		update annually
2.2: By 2010, lower the incidence of osteoporosis related hip fractures by 25%.	2.2.1:Educate and train orthopedic staff to assess hip fracture patients for osteoporosis before hospital release or just have them diagnoses osteoporosis and/or recommend bone density and follow-up for osteoporosis after discharge.	Identify model training and work to implement at NJ hospitals	<b>2003/2004</b> To be completed by 2010
	2.2.2: Distribute educational materials for consumers to targeted physicians' offices (geriatricians, internists, endocrinologists, and rheumatologists) to encourage patients to discuss their risk with their physician, to make lifestyle modifications (diet, exercise) and encourage BMD.	Prescription pad Letter to HMOs for posting screening criteria on ISCD website	2003 pending
	<ul> <li>2.2.3: Increase awareness of Medicare/HMO reimbursement for BMD.</li> <li>2.2.3a: To providers through outreach to physician specialty groups.</li> <li>2.2.3b: For Medicare beneficiaries through collaboration with the Senior Health Insurance Program (SHIP).</li> </ul>	Disseminated Medicare reimbursement information through SHIP	2003
	2.2.4: Implement a comprehensive falls prevention/home safety educational campaign, including the effect of medications on fall risk (and the need to screen for osteoporosis for those people on such medications).	NJ SOPHE falls program Project Healthy Bones HealthEASE falls minigrant for	2002/2003 ongoing
		prevention model in Mercer	2003/2004

Objective	Activities/Strategies	Status	Timeline
		Minigrant for Project Healthy Bones Spanish translation	2003/2004
	2.2.5: Partner with hospital to implement a pilot program to educate hip fracture patients on fall risk reduction prior to discharge along with comprehensive osteoporosis education (current risk for future fracture, overall risk reduction, calcium, Vit. D, exercise and therapies to reduce hip fracture risk.)	ER model, University Medical Center at Princeton Utilize Midwest model, invite author to do NJ Training.	2004
	2.2.6: Communicate Healthy People 2010 goals for osteoporosis to major groups who could contribute to result (i.e. State Medical Directors Association (NJ); State Hospital Association, Physical Therapy Association; State Ors Society, State Ob/Gyn Society, Rehab Hospitals; Arthritis Foundation,	DHSS to develop marketing piece to be used to report to legislator and others; identify materials/resources available	2004
	Orthopedic Nurses, public health agencies and organizations, etc. with education on the issues and encouragement to develop their own strategies.	Utilize tracking from 2.1.1, 2.1.2	2006
	2.2.7: Issue report on status of reaching fracture reduction goal by 2006.		
	2.2.8: Annually increase the number of Project Healthy Bones classes in the state.	DHSS will provide update	December 2003

Goal 3: Change the Behavior of physicians and health care professionals to be pro-active with regard to osteoporosis.

Objective	Activities/Strategies	Status	Timeline
3.1: By 2010, annually increase the	Physician survey to determine best methods to reach	DHSS, J Levine	2003- 2004
percentage of physicians and health care providers participating in	physicians and physician knowledge.		
Council-sponsored Continuing Education activities by 5%.	ISCD training for MDs and Technicians	Princeton Hyatt	November 2003
	3.1.1: Offer a coordinated series of Roving Symposia cosponsored by the council with Medical Society of NJ targeting specific MD's (rheumatologists, ob gyns, family physicians) [One year on diagnosis, another yr on treatment, etc.]	As follow up to survey and ISCD training, develop symposia on bone harming/bone building medications to be presented by MDs to various counties; utilize S Wimilawansa training model; identify funding from pharmaceutical companies	2005
	3.1.2: Pursue partnerships to offer one CME/CEU lecture for allied health professionals per year with the purpose of bringing together the following disciplines nurses, physical therapists, social workers, health educators and registered dietitians.	Radiologists – ISCD training Explore osteo education for NJ EASE case managers –	November, 2003
	3.1.3: At minimum of every three years, offer one alternate method of CEU/CME's with a co-sponsoring organization.	falls prevention	
	(Such as the osteoporosis monogram guidelines, sponsor speaker at statewide symposia, CD-Rom, journal article, etc).	Utilize physician survey for direction	2006
	<ul> <li>3.1.4: Provide education through specific professional organizations. (List Serv, Newsletter, Journal, Annual Meeting, etc)</li> <li>3.1.5: Develop and market a repository of osteoporosis</li> </ul>	Partnerships, NJ LINCs, NJ Academy of Family Physicians (prescription pad)	ongoing
	information geared toward health professionals	ISCD training	Nov, 2003

Objective	Activities/Strategies	Status	Timeline
3.2 By 2010, identify alternative methods to motivate physicians and healthcare providers to be proactive with diagnosis, prevention and treatment of osteoporosis and	3.2.1: Convene focus group of practitioners to develop and update standards of care for patient diagnosis, treatment, evaluation and management of osteoporosis that can be used in professional health association newsletters and websites.	Physician survey of family practitioners, October 2003	Results shared 2004
implement one strategy per year.	3.2.2: 1) Identify, disseminate and evaluate best practices for physicians to discuss osteoporosis with all patients placed on bone-harming medications (e.g., steroids, etc.), which increase risk of osteoporosis; 2) best practices for post-fracture patients to NJ hospitals. Incorporate in hospital discharge plans to include BMD testing and pharmacological treatments calcium/Vit D supplementations; and 3) best practices for peripheral screenings.	Utilize Roving Symposia, Grand Rounds to disseminate	
	<ul> <li>3.2.3: Provide education through medical school programs for physicians.</li> <li>3.2.3a: Coordinate and support Osteoporosis Fellowship program with co-sponsoring organization(s).</li> <li>3.2.3b: Develop means to provide input into the osteoporosis education in the curriculum of medical and other health professional schools in NJ.</li> </ul>	Determine if there is a current Osteoporosis Fellowship	Ongoing
	3.2.4: Identify and provide consumer educational material/handouts for physicians and allied health professionals to distribute at Statewide Professional Health Association	Prescription pads	2003
	exhibits, and for consumer lectures.  3.2.5: Implement strategies to promote quality assurance in densitometry.	DEP survey of facilities with densitometry machines	2003
	3.2.6: Implement an educational campaign to encourage the correct coding of osteoporosis on medical records.	Disseminate best practices from ISCD training	2004
	/ossist the DUSS on asteonomosis veleted initi	Quality teams Get input from Professional Education Committee	

Goal 4: Continue to advise/assist the DHSS on osteoporosis related initiatives/issues.

Objective	Activities/Strategies	Status	Timeline
4.1: By 2001, ensure all council	4.1.1: To develop/establish template for Council initiatives		2001
efforts are consistent with the 4	(template will dictate procedure/components for initiatives such		
major mandate/charter	as identify partners, evaluation methodology, identify target		
requirements included in the	population, etc)		4 2001
Osteoporosis Prevention and	4.1.1a Convene ad hoc committee to develop template		August 2001
Education Program Act	4.1.1b Schedule next feasible Council meeting to review		September 2001
Development of a public	and revise proposed template		
education and outreach	4.1.1c Facilitate adoption of template by provision of		
campaign to promote	accompanying examples and instruction		October 2003
osteoporosis prevention and	4.1.1d Schedule template review after 1 year of	Infrastructure	October 2005
education;	implementation	Committee review	
Development of educational			
materials for consumers;	4.1.2: Implement use of the strategic plan		
<ul> <li>Development of professional</li> </ul>	4.1.2a Review each proposed Council initiative for		ongoing
education programs for health	applicability to strategic plan priorities		
care providers; and	4.1.2b Develop matrix of council initiatives by strategic		
Development/maintenance of a	plan for review		
list of current providers of	4.1.2c As part of annual review process, assess all initiatives		
specialized services for the	using strategic plan criteria.		
prevention and treatment of			October 2003,
osteoporosis.	4.1.2d: Annually review and update the strategic plan.		ongoing
4.2 By 2002, establish	4.2.1: Implement a governance structure for the Council		2002
infrastructure guidelines to sustain	outlining membership, responsibilities, and committee or		2002
the Council and its efforts.	project assignment.		
the Council and its choits.	4.2.1a Convene an ad hoc committee charged with		
	developing an appropriate council structure		
	4.2.1b Conduct email discussion for initial comments and		
	suggestions		
	4.2.1c Schedule Council meeting to review, revise and		
	adopt governance structure		
	4.2.1d Create timetable for incremental adoption or approve		
	formal adoption date.		
	Tormar adoption date.		
	4.2.2 Establish a plan to expand participation in the Interagency	Infrastructure	October-
	Council on Osteoporosis.	Committee	December 2003
	4.2.2a Invite participation from hospitals, physicians,	Committee	December 2003
	nurses, dietitians, educators and other health professionals		
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	working in the area of osteoporosis. Gain greater involvement of PAAD, Medicaid, LTC. 4.2.2b Explore other corporate partners that may have an interest in osteoporosis prevention and education to invite them to the table. 4.2.2c Establish ad hoc committee to annually review Council membership make recommendations for appointments.	Infrastructure Committee Infrastructure Committee	Ongoing Ongoing
4.3: By 2002, establish funding mechanisms and prospective grant opportunities to support all endeavors.	<ul> <li>4.3.1: Advocate for additional funding.</li> <li>4.3.1a Request participation via committee membership or working group initiative</li> <li>4.3.1b Develop advocacy priorities, targeted individuals and /or groups and implementation timelines</li> <li>4.3.1c Document efforts and feedback for annual review</li> </ul>	Education/contact with legislators	Ongoing
	<ul> <li>4.3.2: Establish mechanism for identifying applying for grants.</li> <li>4.3.2a: Generate a potential list of grant funding (e.g. Dannon Foundation).</li> <li>4.3.2b: Develop appropriate listing of grant donors through review of RFPs and identified funding sources</li> <li>4.3.2c Develop an ad hoc committee to review potential grant sources, DCD, NIH</li> <li>4.3.2d: Identify council members or staff members with expertise in grant writing.</li> </ul>	DHSS to share boiler plate osteo information to be used for other grants	2004
4.4: By 2002, make annual	4.4.1: Identify top strategic priority areas for funding based on:		
recommendations to the DHSS on funding decisions regarding state funds designated for the	strategic plan and current distribution/allocation of funds within DHSS.  4.4.1a: Develop consensus and priority listing for		
osteoporosis outreach and education program.	recommendations among Council members. 4.4.1b: Create and distribute recommendation document based on appropriate scientific foundations 4.4.1c: Identify effective and efficient method for communication of recommendations 4.4.1d: Actively search for opportunities to include general public and consumers' viewpoints into recommendations.		
4.5: By 2001, develop and maintain osteoporosis site on DHSS web pg.			Completed 2002

Goal 5: Develop, maintain and implement programs for high-risk populations.

Objective	Activities/Strategies	Status	Timeline
5.1: By 2010, develop new	5.1.1: Identify and prioritize high-risk populations based on		To be completed by
programs for all high-risk	number/riski.e. individuals on long-term glucocortoicoid	Review hip fracture data	2010
populations.	treatment.		5.1.1 to be
			implemented first
	5.1.2: Assess needs of high-risk groups.		
	<ul> <li>5.1.3: Identify program strategies for high-risk groups.</li> <li>Programs should be broken out according to age brackets to maximize message and emotional appeal.</li> <li>5.1.4: Using ICO protocol, implement three programs.</li> </ul>	ICO needs to define high-risk groups	
5.2: By 2003, evaluate existing	5.1.5: Evaluate programs.  5.2.1: By 2002, conduct evaluation of Project Healthy Bones	Contact RSVP for	Dec 2003
programs targeting high-risk	0.2.1. 2y 2002, 0014400 0 44144101 01 110,000 1104141 20140	numbers/outcomes	DCC 2003
populations.	5.2.2: By 2002, provide evaluation findings to ICO.	number s/outcomes	

## Goal 6: Collect NJ epidemiological data pertaining to osteoporosis and utilize as needed.

Objective	Activities/Strategies	Status	Timeline
6.1: By 2002, establish a database of	6.1.1: Assess/analyze existing sources of osteoporosis-related	Update data and revisit	2004
NJ epidemiological data on	data including but not limited to Medicaid and PAAD data on		
osteoporosis.	osteoporosis drugs written, pharmaceutical company data on patients taking medication, Medicaid data on LTC, Medicare data on BMD claims, hospital discharge, etc.		
	6.1.2: Based on analysis, identify database needs specific to NJ		
6.2: By 2003, issue report to	6.2.1: Identify appropriate target groups (Medical Society,		To be completed by
appropriate groups in NJ on the status of osteoporosis in NJ.	legislators, physician specialties, public health agencies, etc)		2004
	6.2.2: Identify data to be included in report.		
	6.2.3: Issue report.		